

Forward-Looking Statement

To the extent that statements contained in this presentation are not descriptions of historical facts, they may be deemed to be forwardlooking statements under the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These statements are based on current expectations, forecasts, assumptions and other information available to NextCure as of the date hereof. Forward-looking statements include statements regarding NextCure's expectations, beliefs, intentions or strategies regarding the future and can be identified by forward-looking words such as "may," "will," "potential," "expects," "believes," "intends," "hope," "towards," "forward," "later" and similar expressions. Examples of forward-looking statements in this presentation include, among others, statements about the development plans for our products, statements about the progress and evaluation and expected timing of results of NextCure's ongoing or planned clinical trials, expectations regarding the potential benefits, activity, effectiveness and safety of our research stage, preclinical stage, and clinical stage therapeutic candidates, NextCure's financial guidance, expected upcoming milestones, and NextCure's plans, objectives and intentions with respect to the discovery and development of therapeutic products. Forward-looking statements involve substantial risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those projected in any forward-looking statement. Such risks and uncertainties include, among others: the impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic on NextCure's business, including NextCure's clinical trials, third parties on which NextCure relies and NextCure's operations; positive results in preclinical studies may not be predictive of the results of clinical trials; NextCure's limited operating history and no products approved for commercial sale; NextCure's history of significant losses; NextCure's need to obtain additional financing; risks related to clinical development, marketing approval and commercialization; the unproven approach to the discovery and development of product candidates based on NextCure's discovery platform; and dependence on key personnel. More detailed information on these and additional factors that could affect NextCure's actual results are described in NextCure's filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"), including in Item 1A of NextCure's most recent Form 10-K, subsequent Form 10-Q and elsewhere in the Company's filings with the SEC. You should not place undue reliance on any forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements speak only as of the date of this press release, and NextCure assumes no obligation to update any forward-looking statements, except as required by law, even if expectations change.

Value-Driven ADC Opportunity

SIGNIFICANT OPPORTUNITY

- Antibody-drug conjugate targeting B7-H4
- Differentiated linker for improved safety and increased efficacy
- Completed GLP tox study and GMP manufacturing for Ph 1 trial

2024-2025 DELIVERABLES

- IND submitted Q4 2024
- Breast, endometrial and ovarian cancers
- FIH expected in Q1 2025

RUNWAY

- Balance sheet, ~\$75 M, end of Q3
- Runway 2H 2026









LNCB74

LEVERAGING OUR DEEP EXPERTISE IN B7-H4 AND COLLABORATION WITH LCB TO DEVELOP A DIFFERENTIATED THERAPEUTIC

Focused on a Clinically Validated Target with High Unmet Need

PROGRAMS	TARGET	CELLS	DISCOVERY	PRECLINICAL	PHASE 1	PHASE 2	PHASE 3	ANTICIPATED MILESTONES
LNCB74 (ADC) Co-development with	B7-H4	Tumor Cells	Breast, C Endome	——————————				FIH Q1 2025

NOVEL APPROACH

Unique antibody linker strategy

Co-development partnership

with LCB

PATIENT SELECTION STRATEGY

CLIA validated IHC biomarker assays

B7-H4 ADC



LNCB74

Differentiated ADC



DEEP EXPERTISE

Significant B7-H4 experience LCB's substantial ADC know-how

THERAPEUTIC POSITIONING

Improved safety and efficacy

B7-H4 is the Next Target of Interest in Women's Cancer



NextCure, LegoChem* join big-league rivals in antibody-drug conjugate race

*Currently known as LigaChemBio

Journal of Clinical Oncology Phase 1 study of SGN-B7H4V, a novel, investigational vedotin antibody-drug conjugate directed to B7-H4, in patients with advanced solid tumors (SGNB7H4V-001, trial in progress).



3810 First-in-human/phase I trial of HS-20089, a B7-H4 ADC, in patients with advanced solid tumors

Journal of Clinical Oncology® XMT-1660: A phase 1b trial of a B7-H4 targeted antibody drug conjugate (ADC) in breast, endometrial, and ovarian cancers.



Pfizer shuffles its deck post-Seagen

The group's B7-H4-targeting bispecific is out, in favour of Seagen's ADC.



Abstract 2947: Preclinical evaluation of a novel B7-H4 targeted antibody-drug conjugate AZD8205 as a single agent and in combination with novel PARP inhibitor and checkpoint blockade



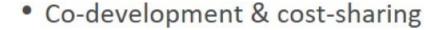
In 2nd big deal of the day, GSK inks \$1.4B pacy for Hansoh gynecology cancer asset

Deep Expertise in B7-H4

Next@ure

- Extensive publications
- Expertise in expression
- Repertoire of models
- Top-tier KOL collaborative network
- Validated patient selection assay







Differentiated linker technology



LNCB74

Initiation of Phase 1



COMPLETED

- ✓ Potent pre-clinical activity in vitro and in vivo
- ✓ DRF & GLP tox studies favorable safety and tolerability profile
- √ Favorable pre-IND feedback from FDA
- √ GMP manufacturing
- ✓ IND filing

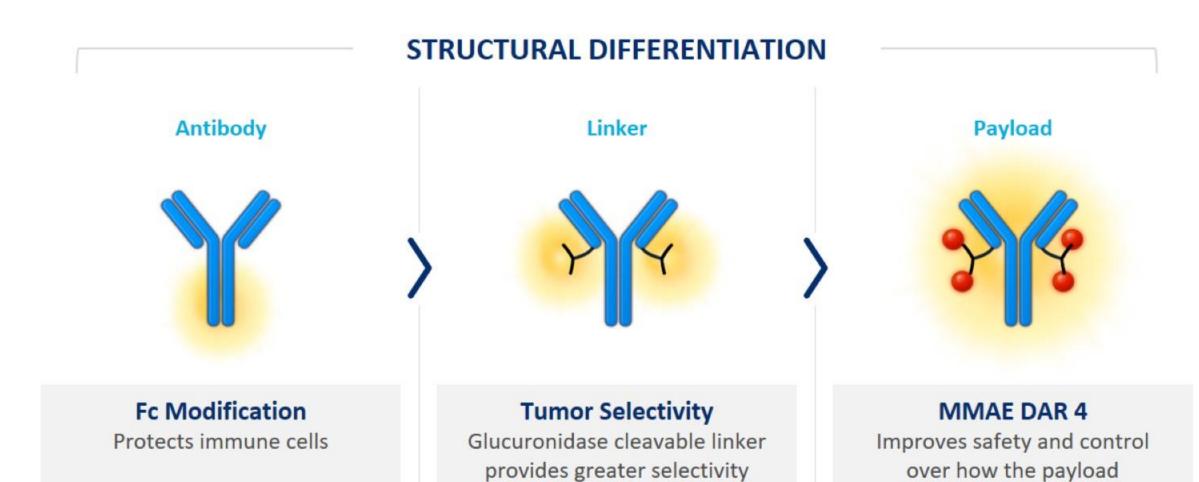
ONGOING

Planning for Ph1 initiation



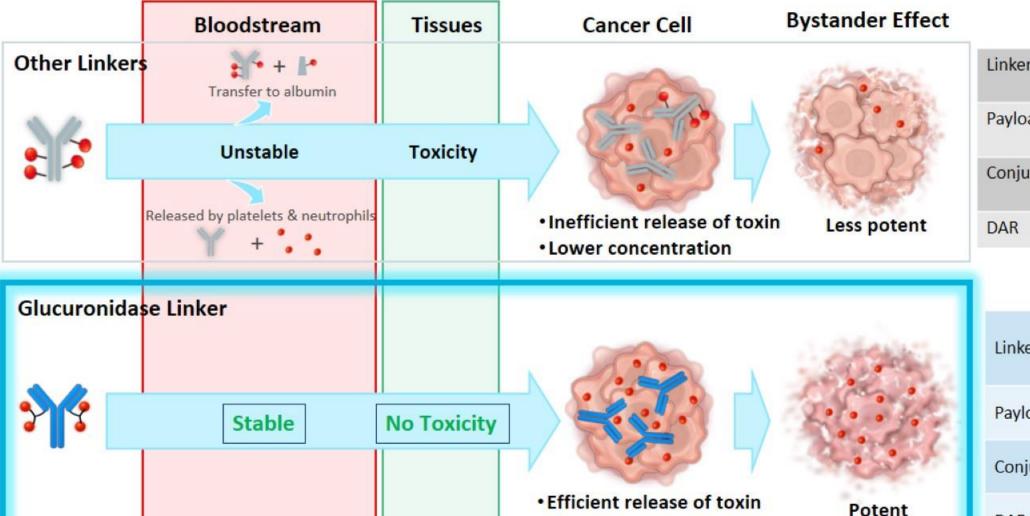
is dispersed

LNCB74 Is an Anti-B7-H4 MMAE ADC



and specificity

LNCB74 Uses Differentiating Glucuronidase Linker for Potentially Improved Safety & Efficacy

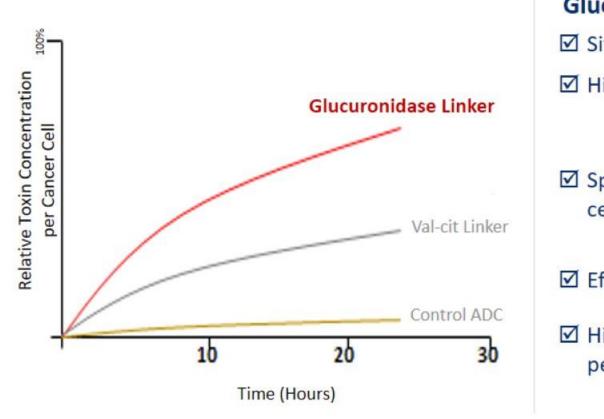


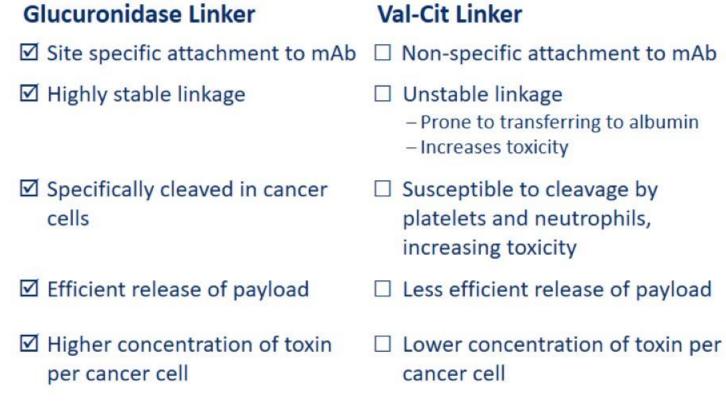
Higher concentration

Linker	Protease or esterase cleavable
Payload	Tubulin or Topo-1 inhibitors
Conjugation	Site Specific or cysteine
DAR	~4, 6, 8

Linker	Glucuronidase cleavable
Payload	Tubulin inhibitor
Conjugation	Site Specific
DAR	4

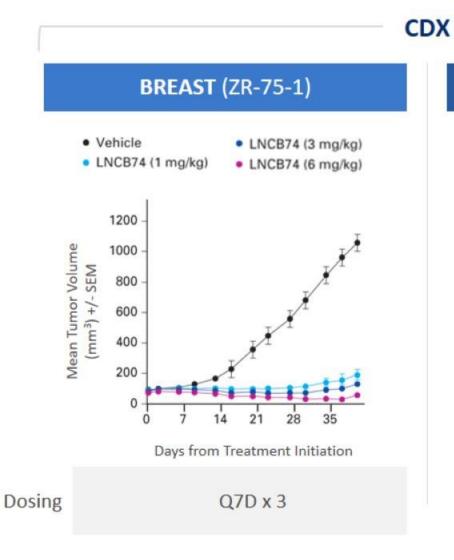
Key Differentiating Features of Glucuronidase Linkers





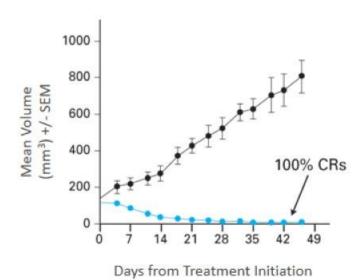
- Improved therapeutic index
- Higher efficacy
- Lower toxicity
- Less frequent dosing

LNCB74 Shows Potent Anti-Tumor Activity in CDX and PDX Models



OVARIAN (OVCAR-3-B7-H4-OE)

- No Treatment
- LNCB74 (6 mg/kg = 0.114 MMAE)



Single dose

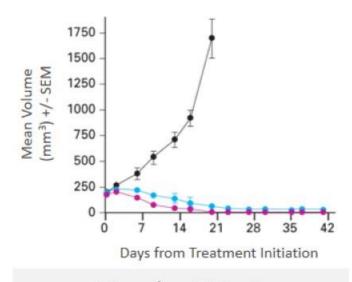


PDX

TNBC (CTG-0012)



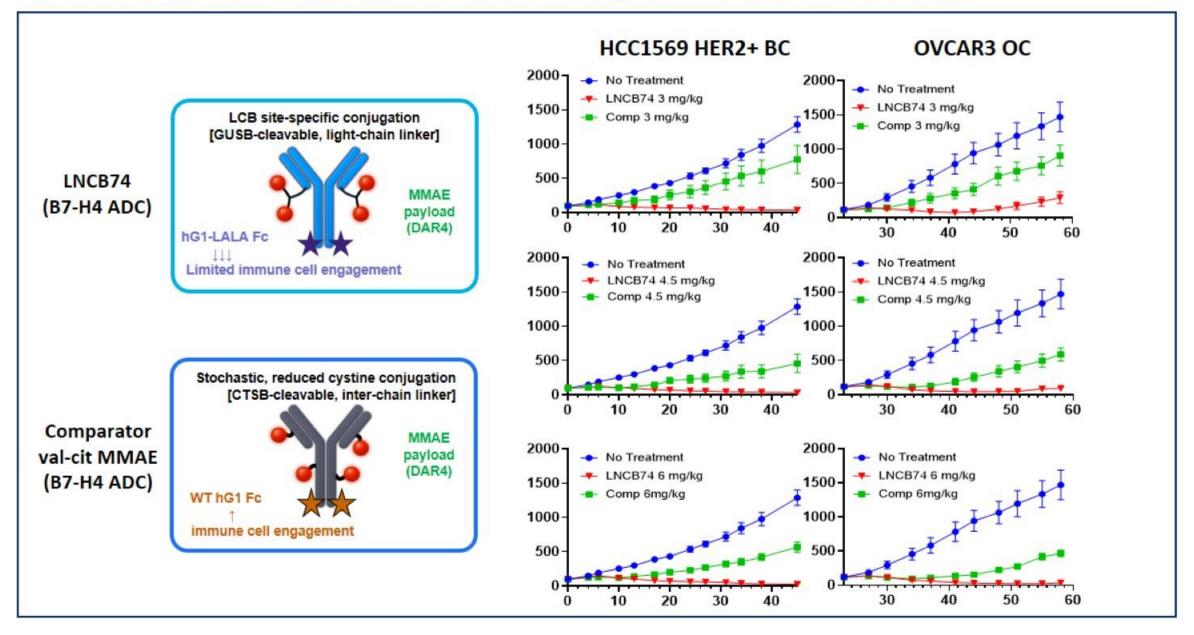
- No Treatment
- LNCB74 (1.5 mg/kg = 0.0275 MMAE)
- LNCB74 (4.5 mg/kg = 0.08 MMAE)



1.5 mg/kg: Q7D x 3

4.5 mg/kg: single dose

LNCB74 is More Effective than Comparator B7-H4-MMAE



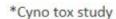
B7-H4 is a Validated ADC Target

	Next@ure \$LCB	ÖSeagen	Mersana	Partnership with	AstraZeneca 🕏	DualityBio Ma BeiGene
Key Features	LNCB74	SGN-B7H4V	XMT-1660	HS-20089	AZD8205	DB-1312 / BG-C9074
	• B7-H4 mAb	• B7-H4 mAb	• B7-H4 mAb	• B7-H4 mAb	• B7-H4 mAb	• B7-H4 mAb
ADC Design	Glucuronidase cleavable linker	Val-Cit cleavable linker	Protease cleavable linker	Protease cleavable linker	 Pegylated Val-Ala cleavable linker 	GGFG cleavable linker
ADC Design	Monomethyl Auristatin E (MMAE)	Monomethyl Auristatin E (MMAE)	 Auristatin F-HPA (Dolasynthen) 	TOPO1 inhibitor (Exatecan)	TOPO1 inhibitor (Proprietary)	Non-Pgp substrate payload
	• DAR 4	• DAR ~4	• DAR 6	• DAR 6	• DAR 8	• DAR 6
DLT	Safe and tolerable up to 10 mg/kg*	1.25 (N=1) or 1.5 mg/kg (N=2)	TBD	7.2 mg/kg (N=2)	3.2 mg/kg (N=2)	TBD
Common Aes	No major toxicity observed in NHPs	Neutropenia, Peripheral sensory neuropathy, Nausea, Fatigue, Anemia, Dyspnea, Hypotension, and Pneumonia	TBD	Leukopenia, Neutropenia, Nausea, Anemia, Vomiting, Fatigue, Thrombocytopenia, Increased ALT and AST, Anorexia, and Hyponatremia	Nausea, Neutropenia, Thrombocytopenia, Anemia and WBC decrease	TBD
RESPONSES	• IND Submitted Q4 2024	 TNBC: 1 CR / 8 PR (N=42)* HR+/HER2- Breast: 5 PR (N=24)* Ovarian: 2 PR (N=15) Endometrial: 1 CR (N=16) 	Dose escalation progressed to 115 mg/m² w/o MTD Anticipated Ph1 read out (safety, efficacy and biomarker analysis) – YE Expected initiation of TNBC expansion cohort in post topo-1 ADC patients – YE	• TNBC: 6 PR (N=16) • Ovarian: 2 PR (N=3)	Ovarian 3 PR (N=7) Breast 3 PR (N=17) Endometrial 3 PR (N=12)	TBD









GLP Tox and GMP Manufacturing Complete

TOX STUDY			
Species	Cynomolgus		
Dose	4, 7 & 10 mg/kg		
Range	Q3W, i.v.		
Evaluation	Toxicology profiling, pathology, hematology, immunotoxicology		
Findings	Favorable safety and tolerability profile		

	GMP MANUFACTURING
Y	Master cell bank generated
Y	Process development complete
Y	Antibody manufactured
9	Clinical supply ready

LNCB74 Ph1 Monotherapy Study Plans







DOSE ESCALATION

- 5 dose cohorts
- Regimen Q3W
- N=65 subjects



Readout: Scans every 6 weeks
Endpoint: Safety

DOSE EXPANSION

- 2 dose cohorts
- 2 tumor types
- N=80 subjects
- Pre-treatment & on study biopsies



Readouts: Scans every 6 weeks

Endpoints: Safety and ORR



Opportunity

to Develop Differentiated B7-H4 ADC Therapeutic





POTENTIAL FOR IMPROVED SAFETY & EFFICACY

UNMET NEED IN BREAST & GYNECOLOGICAL CANCERS

PATIENT SELECTION STRATEGY

Programs Available for Partnering

PROGRAMS	TARGET	CELLS	DISCOVERY	PRECLINICAL	PHASE 1	PHASE 2	PHASE 3	
NC410		Extracellular	Ovarian					
Combo	LAIR-2	Matrix	Colorectal (CRC)				
NC525	LAIR-1	Leukemia	Acute Myeloid	d Leukemia				
NC605	S15	Osteoclasts	Osteogenesis Imperfecta					
NC181	APOE4	Microglia & Neurons	Alzheimer's Disease					

Anticipated Milestones

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